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Studium der Soziologie, Psychologie, Politischen Wissenschaft und Philosophie an der Freien Universität Berlin (1989), Promotion an der Universität Potsdam in Politischer Wissenschaft (1995; summa cum laude) und Habilitation in Soziologie an der FU Berlin (2004). Wissenschaftlicher Mitarbeiter am Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin für Sozialforschung (Forschungsschwerpunkt Technik – Arbeit – Umwelt; 1989-1998) und an der Technischen Universität Berlin (Zentrum Technik und Gesellschaft; 1999-2004), Visiting Fellow an der Rutgers University (Center for Global Change and Governance; 2000-2001) und an der Harvard University (John F. Kennedy School of Government; 2002) (gefördert durch die Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft), Geschäftsführer an der Universität Bielefeld (Institut für Wissenschafts- und Technikforschung; 2004), Research Associate an der University of Wisconsin-Madison (Robert M. La Follette School of Public Affairs und Nanoscale Science and Engineering Center (gefördert durch U.S. National Science Foundation); 2005-2006), Associate Research Professor an der Arizona State University (Consortium for Science, Policy and Outcomes und Center for Nanotechnology in Society (gefördert durch NSF); 2006-2010), VDI-Professur für Zukunftsforschung am Institut für Politische Wissenschaft der RWTH Aachen University (2010-13; gefördert durch den Verein Deutscher Ingenieure). Seit 2014 Professor für Technik- und Wissenschaftsforschung und Vorstand des Instituts für Technik- und Wissenschaftsforschung an der Alpen-Adria-Universität Klagenfurt. Seit 2012 Mitglied des Bioökonomierats der deutschen Bundesregierung. Gegenwärtige Forschungsinteressen: Governance von Wissenschaft und Technik (Innovation, Sicherheits- und Risikoregulierung, Patentierung, Ethik, Akzeptanzpolitik); Globale Herausforderungen und nachhaltige Entwicklung; Bioökonomie; Transformation des Energiesystems; Klimapolitik und Climate Engineering.

Daniel Barben studied Sociology, Psychology, Political Science, and Philosophy at the Free University of Berlin (1989); earned a doctoral degree in Political Science at the University of Potsdam (1995, summa cum laude); and completed a “Habilitation” in Sociology at the Free University of Berlin (2004). Barben worked as a Research Fellow at the Social Science Research Center, Berlin (Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin für Sozialforschung, WZB) in the research area of Technology, Work and Environment from 1989 through 1998; was a member of the Center for Technology and Society (ZTG) at the Berlin University of Technology from 1999 until 2004; served as Managing Director at the Institute of Science and Technology Studies (IWT) at Bielefeld University in 2004; was a Research Associate at the Robert M. La Follette School of Public Affairs and the NSF-funded Nanoscale Science and Engineering Center at the University of Wisconsin-Madison in 2005/06; worked as an Associate Research Professor at the Consortium for Science, Policy and Outcomes at Arizona State University (ASU), as well as a Senior Researcher at ASU’s Center for Nanotechnology in Society (funded by the U.S. National Science Foundation, NSF); and held (Visiting) Fellowships at the Institute for Advanced Studies on Science, Technology and Society at the University of Graz in 2000, (and with funding by the German Research Foundation DFG) at the Center for Global Change and Governance at Rutgers University in Newark, N.J. in 2000/01 and at the John F. Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University in Cambridge, Mass. in 2002. Daniel Barben was VDI Chair of Futures Studies at the Institute of Political Science at RWTH Aachen University from 2010 through 2013 (VDI=Verein Deutscher Ingenieure, The Association of German Engineers). He has worked as Professor and Director of the Institute of Science, Technology & Society Studies at Alpen-Adria-Universität Klagenfurt since 2014. Among other things, he has served as a member of the Bioeconomy Council of the German Federal

Government since 2012. His main research interests concern the governance of science and technology (e.g., as regards innovation, security and risk, intellectual property rights, ethics, and acceptance politics); global challenges and sustainable development; bioeconomy; energy system transformation; climate policy and climate engineering.