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Breaking knowledge barriers on high quality Open Educational Resources by conducting a scoping review research

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Agenda

Scoping Study

Research process

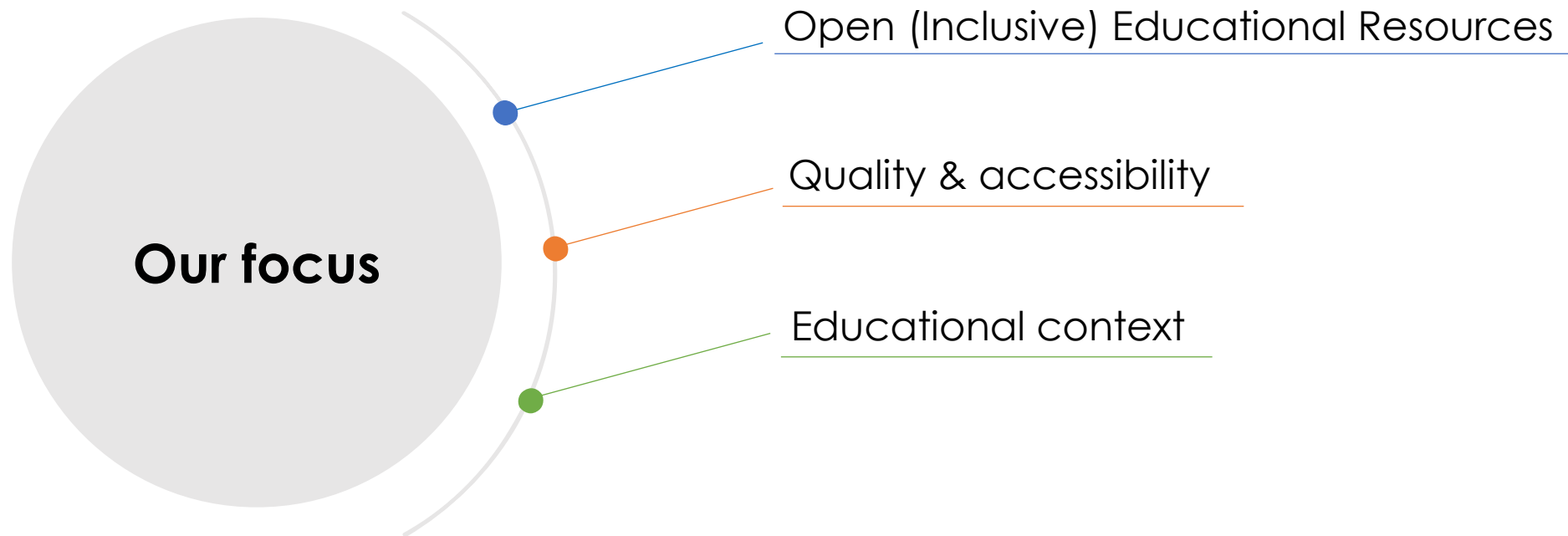
First results

Scoping Review

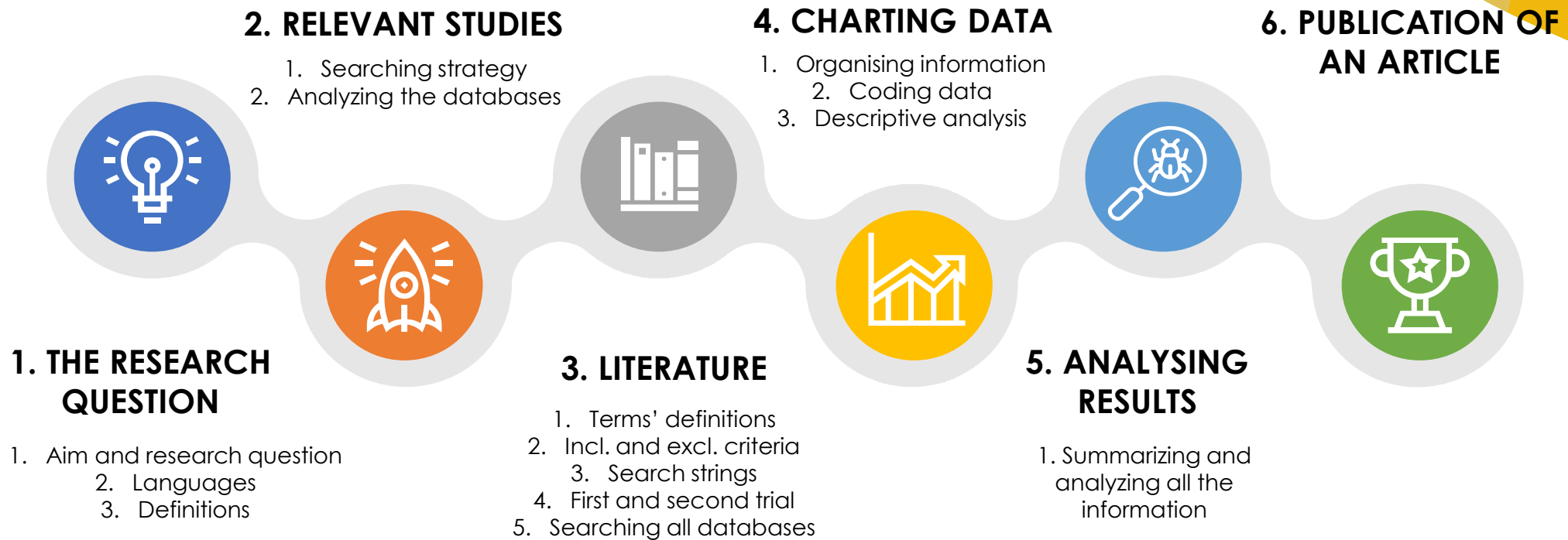
- instrument to review existing literature
- more open and provide more orientation in a broader research area
- no quality assessment of the studies required
- Aim: presenting and describing currently available scientific data

(Arksey & O`Malley, 2005; Elm et al., 2019)

Research interest



Research plan



1. The Research Question

Aim

Summarizing and disseminating research findings to identify gaps in the existing literature (Arksey & O`Malley, 2005)

Main research question

Which methods and tools are used to guide the development of high-quality OER?

Which methods and tools are used to assess the quality of OER?

Further research questions

How relevant is inclusion in this context (OIER) in terms of a) accessibility and b) inclusive teaching?

How are the perspectives of accessibility and inclusion considered in the context of high-quality OER?

1. The Research Question



- Formulating working definitions for:
 - Open Educational Resources (OER)
 - accessibility
 - Universal design

2. Relevant Studies

- Searching Strategy:
 - Selecting databases to search
- Analysis of the databases:
 - Requirements of every database for the search

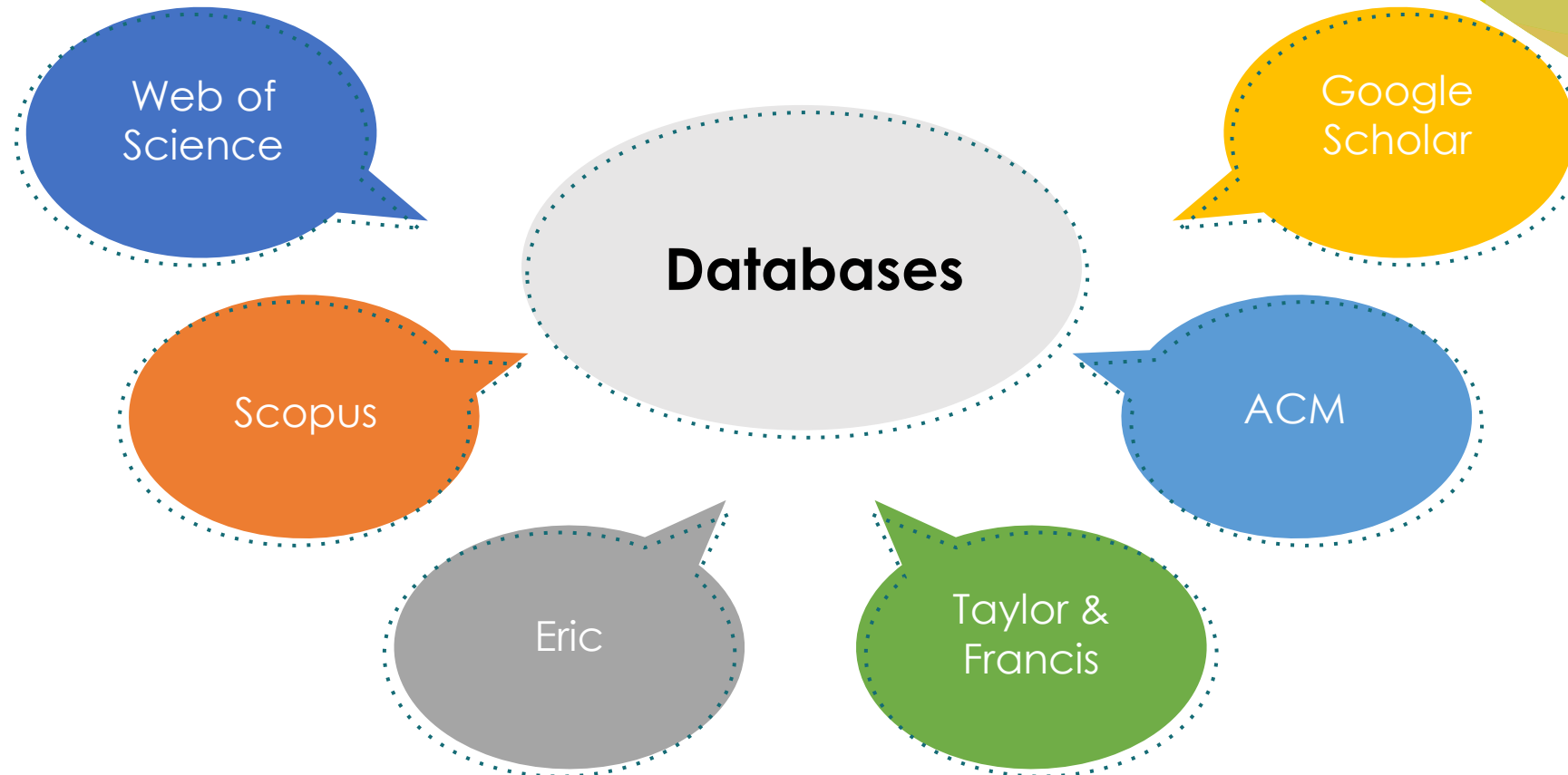
(Arksey & O`Malley, 2005)

3. Literature

- Searching Strategy:
 - Selecting databases to search
 - Choosing one database for first trial (Web of Science)
 - Choosing three databases for second trial (Web of Science, Scopus, Google Scholar)
 - Deciding on inclusion and exclusion criteria

(Arksey & O`Malley, 2005)

3. Literature

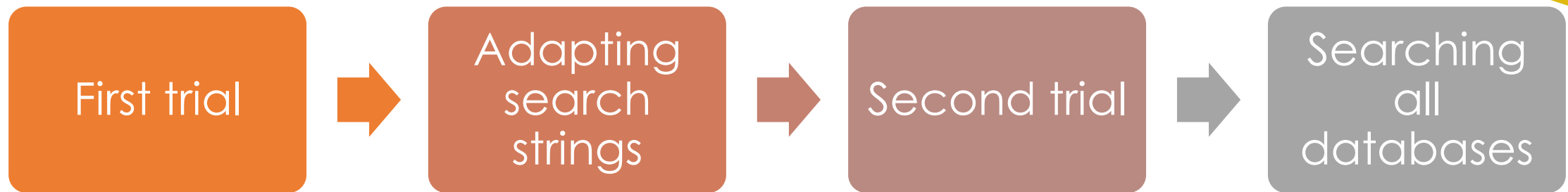


3. Literature



3. Literature

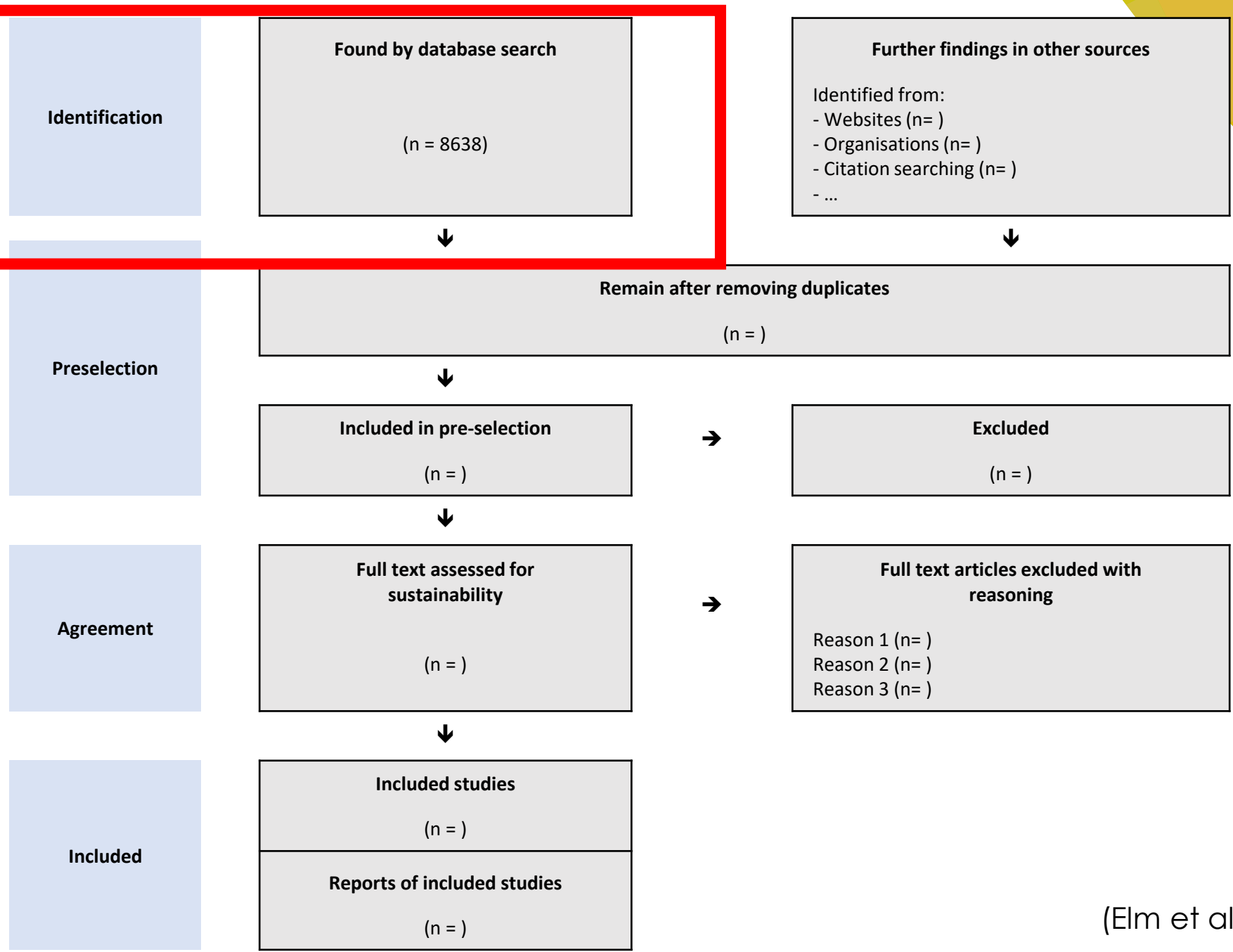
- Formulating Search strings



- Other sources: reference lists, hand searching key journals, networks, relevant organizations and conferences

(Arksey & O`Malley, 2005)

Flow Chart



(Elm et al., 2019, S. 6)

4. Charting Data

- Organizing information
- Coding data
- Descriptive analysis

5. Analyzing the Data

- Summarizing and analyzing all the information

6. Publication of an Article

First results

Metadata analysis of Open
Educational Resources
Tavaloki, et al.

2021

Offen gemacht: Der Stand der
internationalen
evidenzbasierten Forschung zu
Open Educational Resources
Otto et al.

2021

The accessibility of learning
content for all students
Fletcher, et al.

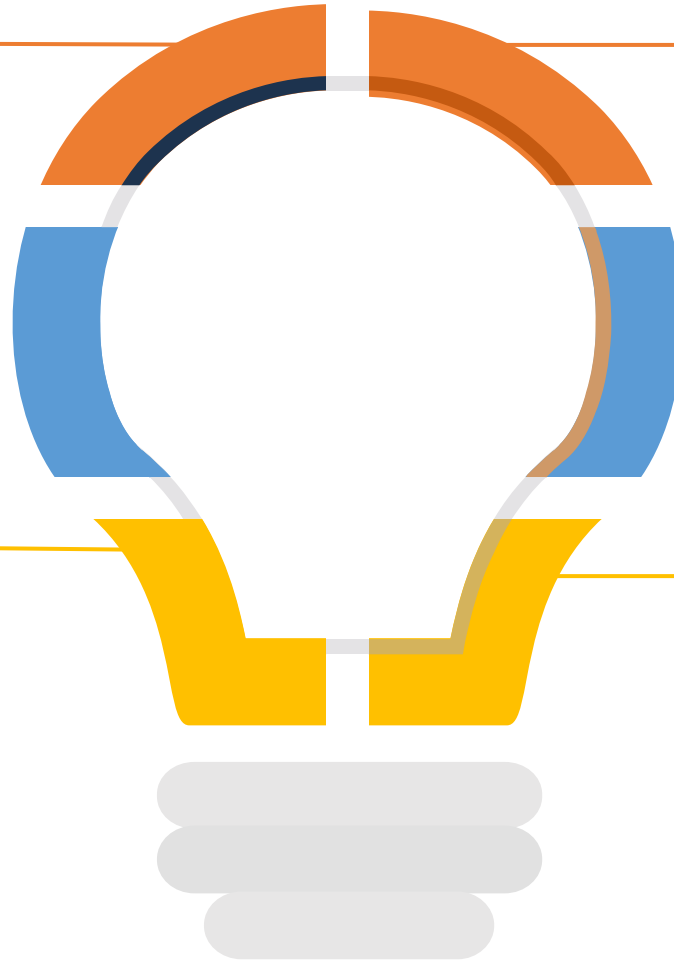
2014

Chimbo, Ingavélez & Otón, 2021

Open Educational Resources' evaluation considering quality models from accessibility metadata

De la Rosa, et al. 2019

A validated rubric to evaluate Open Educational Resources



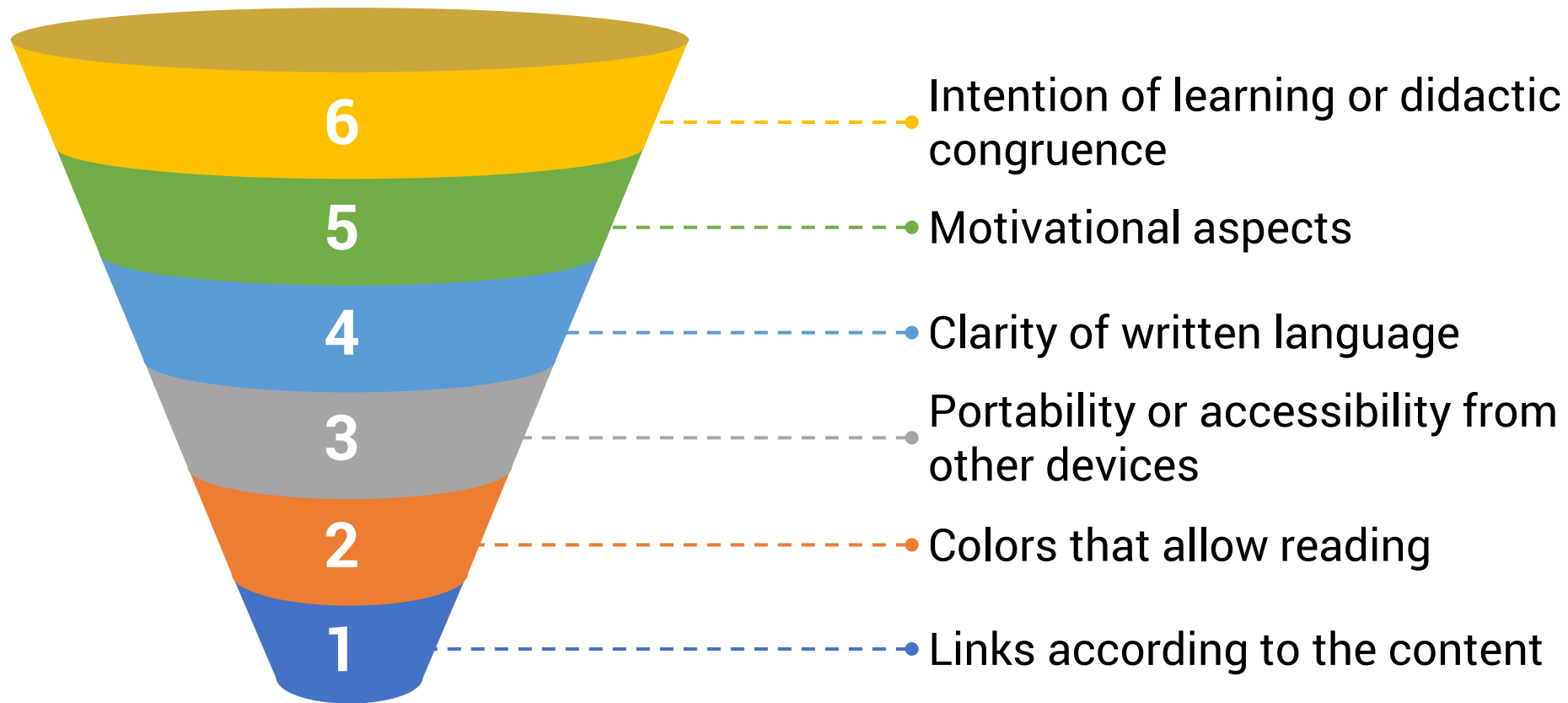
- Quality from **pedagogical** and **technical** metrics

- Based on **ISO 40500**, **ISO 24751** and **UDL** standards

- **Expert** and **student** perspective

- **Criteria** selected **validated by experts** using the technique of **Content Validity Reasons**.
- Basic characteristics that OER must contain from a **pedagogical perspective** are analyzed.

De la Rosa et al.





World Wide Web Consortium

Providers of international standards



De la Rosa et al.

01

Cognitive accesibility

02

Sensorial Accessibility

Visual
Auditive

03

Accessibility to interaction

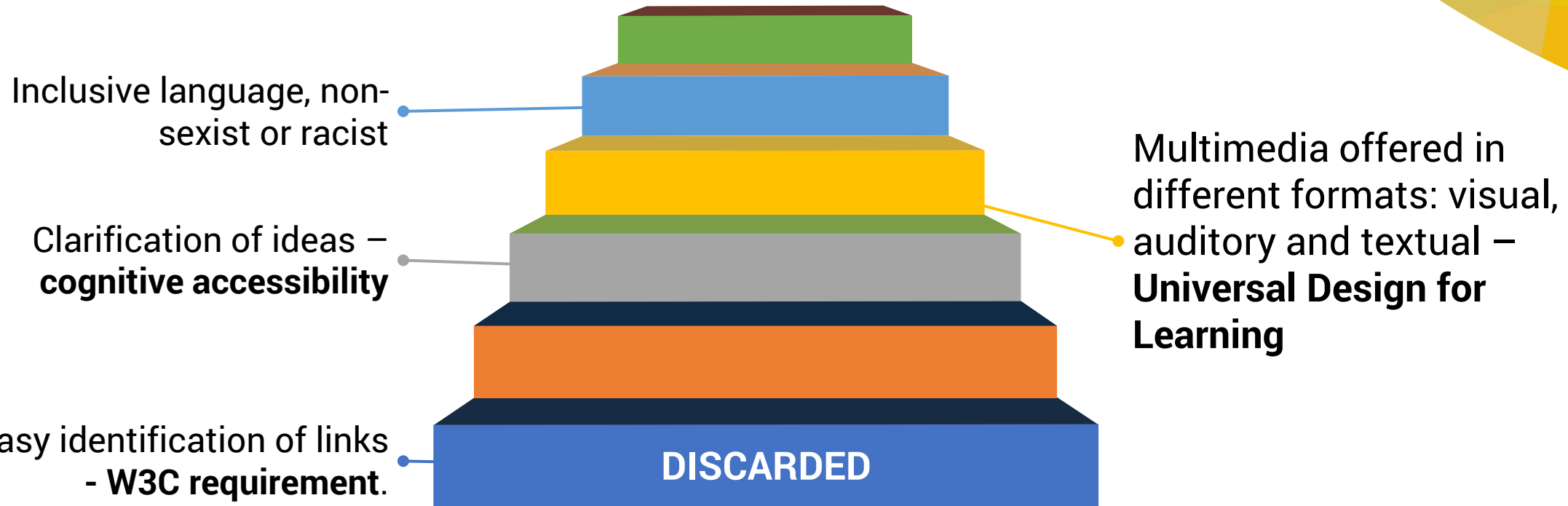
Universal Design of Learning

It aims at guaranteeing **access to education**.

It considers that **all people** are **different**, and that **diversity is the norm** in class, not the exception.

(Rose & Wason, 2008, p. 3)

De la Rosa et al.



Thank you very much for your attention!

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