

German Grammar Practice – Course Description

Level according to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages: **A2**

Required prior knowledge: level A1/2.

UNIVERSITY OF GRAZ

treffpunkt sprachen - Centre for Language,
Plurilingualism and Didactics



Communicative Situations	Vocabulary	Grammar
<p>The aim of this course is to consolidate the grammar skills on level A2 to help students accomplish the requirements of GER/Profile German for level A2.</p> <p><i>Criteria according to GER:</i> <i>Is able to comprehend sentences and frequently used expressions which correspond to areas of immediate relevance (e. g., personal and family information, shopping, work, close surroundings). Is able to communicate in simple, common situations involving a simple and direct exchange of information on familiar and routine matters. Is able to describe by simple means their origin and education, immediate surroundings and matters related to their immediate needs.</i></p>	<p>The selection of the imparted vocabulary is based on frequency, usefulness, relevance and the needs of the students on level A2. This course focuses on grammatical instruction.</p>	<p>In this course, selected grammar units on level A2 will be covered which are required to communicate actively on level A2. The selection of the grammar units is based on the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR) as well as on the needs of the students, and covers the following areas:</p> <p><u>Verbs:</u> participle II (<i>gegangen</i>) ♦ perfect tense (irregular verbs) ♦ infinitive clauses ♦ subjunctive II (politeness) ♦ modal verbs ♦ future tense ♦ negation</p> <p><u>Sentences:</u> subordinate clauses (<i>dass, wenn, weil</i>)</p> <p><u>Adjectives:</u> comparison ♦ declension</p> <p><u>Nouns:</u> revision of the grammatical gender ♦ dative ♦ genitive</p> <p><u>Articles:</u> demonstrative article (<i>dieser</i>) ♦ indefinite article (<i>alles, viele, etwas</i>) ♦ interrogative article (<i>welcher</i>)</p> <p><u>Prepositions:</u> revision (local and temporal)</p> <p><u>Conjunctions:</u> <i>dass, damit, wenn, weil, trotz, obwohl</i></p> <p><u>Pronouns:</u> possessive pronouns ♦ indefinite pronouns (<i>einer, man, keiner</i>) ♦ relative pronouns ♦ demonstrative pronouns</p>